PREVAILED	Roll Call No
FAILED	Ayes
WITHDRAWN	Noes
RULED OUT OF ORDER	

HOUSE MOTION _____

MR. SPEAKER:

2.1

I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 107 be amended to read as follows:

Page 2, between lines 38 and 39, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 4. IC 25-26-13-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.270-2001, SECTION 4, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.288-2001, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED AND CORRECTED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 25. (a) All original prescriptions, whether in written or electronic format, shall be numbered and maintained in numerical and chronological order, or in a manner approved by the board and accessible for at least two (2) years in the pharmacy. A prescription transmitted from a practitioner by means of communication other than writing must immediately be reduced to writing or recorded in an electronic format by the pharmacist. The files shall be open for inspection to any member of the board or its duly authorized agent or representative.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) before the expiration of subsection (c) on June 30, 2003, a prescription for any drug, the label of which bears either the legend, "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription" or "Rx Only", may not be refilled without written or oral authorization of a licensed practitioner.
- (c) A prescription for any drug, the label of which bears either the legend, "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription" or "Rx Only", may be refilled by a pharmacist one (1) time without the written or oral authorization of a licensed practitioner if all of the following conditions are met:

(1) The pharmacist has made every reasonable effort to contact

1	the original prescribing practitioner or the practitioner's
2	designee for consultation and authorization of the prescription
3	refill.
4	(2) The pharmacist believes that, under the circumstances, failure
5	to provide a refill would be seriously detrimental to the patient's
6	health.
7	(3) The original prescription authorized a refill but a refill would
8	otherwise be invalid for either of the following reasons:
9	(A) All of the authorized refills have been dispensed.
10	(B) The prescription has expired under subsection (f).
11	(4) The prescription for which the patient requests the refill was:
12	(A) originally filled at the pharmacy where the request for a
13	refill is received and the prescription has not been transferred
14	for refills to another pharmacy at any time; or
15	(B) filled at or transferred to another location of the same
16	pharmacy or its affiliate owned by the same parent
17	corporation if the pharmacy filling the prescription has full
18	access to prescription and patient profile information that is
19	simultaneously and continuously updated on the parent
20	corporation's information system.
21	(5) The drug is prescribed for continuous and uninterrupted use
22	and the pharmacist determines that the drug is being taken
23	properly in accordance with IC 25-26-16.
24	(6) The pharmacist shall document the following information
25	regarding the refill:
26	(A) The information required for any refill dispensed under
27	subsection (d).
28	(B) The dates and times that the pharmacist attempted to
29	contact the prescribing practitioner or the practitioner's
30	designee for consultation and authorization of the
31	prescription refill.
32	(C) The fact that the pharmacist dispensed the refill without
33	the authorization of a licensed practitioner.
34	(7) The pharmacist notifies the original prescribing practitioner
35	of the refill and the reason for the refill by the practitioner's next
36	business day after the refill has been made by the pharmacist.
37	(8) Any pharmacist initiated refill under this subsection may not
38	be for more than the minimum amount necessary to supply the
39	patient through the prescribing practitioner's next business day.
40	However, a pharmacist may dispense a drug in an amount
41	greater than the minimum amount necessary to supply the patient
42	through the prescribing practitioner's next business day if:
43	(A) the drug is packaged in a form that requires the
44	pharmacist to dispense the drug in a quantity greater than the
45	minimum amount necessary to supply the patient through the
46	prescribing practitioner's next business day; or

1	(B) the pharmacist documents in the patient's record the
2	amount of the drug dispensed and a compelling reason for
3	dispensing the drug in a quantity greater than the minimum
4	amount necessary to supply the patient through the
5	prescribing practitioner's next business day.
6	(9) Not more than one (1) pharmacist initiated refill is dispensed
7	under this subsection for a single prescription.
8	(10) The drug prescribed is not a controlled substance.
9	A pharmacist may not refill a prescription under this subsection if the
0	practitioner has designated on the prescription form the words "No
.1	Emergency Refill". This subsection expires June 30, 2003.
2	(d) When refilling a prescription, the refill record shall include:
3	(1) the date of the refill;
4	(2) the quantity dispensed if other than the original quantity; and
.5	(3) the dispenser's identity on:
6	(A) the original prescription form; or
7	(B) another board approved, uniformly maintained, readily
8	retrievable record.
9	$\frac{d}{d}$ (e) The original prescription form or the other board approved
20	record described in subsection $\frac{(c)}{(c)}$ (d) must indicate by the number of
21	the original prescription the following information:
22	(1) The name and dosage form of the drug.
23	(2) The date of each refill.
23 24	(3) The quantity dispensed.
25	(4) The identity of the pharmacist who dispensed the refill.
26	(5) The total number of refills for that prescription.
27	(e) (f) A prescription is valid for not more than one (1) year after the
28	original date of <i>filling. issue.</i> filling.
29	(f) (g) A pharmacist may not knowingly dispense a prescription after
80	the demise of the practitioner, unless in the pharmacist's professional
31	judgment it is in the best interest of the patient's health.
32	$\frac{g}{g}(h)$ A pharmacist may not knowingly dispense a prescription
33	after the demise of the patient.
34	(h) (i) A pharmacist or a pharmacy shall not accept medication
35	resell, reuse, or redistribute a medication that is returned for resale or
36	redistribution to the pharmacy after being dispensed unless the
37	medication:
88	(1) was dispensed to a patient residing in an institutional facility
89	(as defined in 856 IAC 1-28-1(a));
10	(2) was properly stored and securely maintained according to
1	sound pharmacy practices;
12	(3) is returned unopened and:
13	(A) was dispensed in the manufacturer's original:
14	(i) bulk, multiple dose container with an unbroken tamper
15	resistant seal; or
16	(ii) unit dose package; or
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1	(B) was packaged by the dispensing pharmacy in a:
2	(i) multiple dose blister container; or
3	(ii) unit dose package;
4	(4) was dispensed by the same pharmacy as the pharmacy
5	accepting the return;
6	(5) is not expired; and
7	(6) is not a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9),
8	unless the pharmacy holds a Type II permit (as defined in
9	IC 25-26-13-17).
10	(i) (j) A pharmacist may use the pharmacist's professional judgment
11	as to whether to accept medication for return under subsection (h).
12	(k) A pharmacist who violates subsection (c) commits a Class A
13	infraction.".
14	Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.
	(Reference is to ESB 107 as printed February 22, 2002.)

Representative Brown T